Site: Symbox-lerops
10 #: Mapox 450154

Break: 12.7

Other: 3/24/80

	1960
operations at	Hoffman-Toff,
operations at Verona, Missouri.	Hoffman-Toff, Inc. (now Syntex Agribusiness) begins
	Agribusiness)
	begins

	9-28-61
bottom of river, foul odor, whit	H.T. is polluting Spring River. Black sludge is found on
e moss-like substance.	Black sludge is found on

	0.				10-25-61 H
haul to a disposal site.	all wastes, agitated evaporator and then burn the sludge of	they will install a concrete basin 20'x30'x8' to receive	conduit or tile under one of their ponds. They say that	District basin north of plant. They suspect a broken	H.T. says it is an old sewer line which drains Empire

	3-25-65
discharge is 1/4 mile north of the plant.	H.T. is still found to be polluting the Spring River. The

		3-29-65
sludge.	dump. H.T. studying biological treatment by activated	H.T. says solid residue being hauled to the Aurora town

	4-29-65
material to Aurora town dump.	H.T. says it is paying a commercial hauler to remove solid

	1966
incorporates.	Northeast Pharmaceutical and Chemical Company (NEPALCO)
	emical
	Company
	(NEPALCO)
	incorporates.

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	Late 1960's
Agent Orange production for the U.S. Army.	Late 1960's H.T. produces 2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy-acetic acid as part of

2-69
H.T.
ceases
production
of.
2,4,5-T.

	12-69
building to NEPACCO.	H.T. (now Syntex) sells $2,4,5-7$ equipment and leases

4-70
NEPACCO
begins
HCP process
at
Verona,
ona, Missouri.

	3,4-70
Services), Baton Rouge, La.	Initial wastes to Rollins-Purle (now Rollins Environmental

5-20-70	
First batch of HCP	
of HCP	
(1,700 lbs)	
lbs)	
shipped	
from	
from Verona.	

6-10-70
6,800
lbs.
HCP
shipped
(4
batches).

		7-20-70
less than 50 ppb. FDA finds that it is 67 ppb in TCP.	NEPACCO states that 2,3,7,8-TCD in trichorophenol (TCP) is	NEPACCO notifies FDA that HCP is ready for sampling.
	•	

Fall 1970 Spill of toluene at NEPACCO plant.



1-21-70 Visit by representative of Missouri Water Pollution Board. One big concern is seepage and overflow from 3rd and 4th lagoons. 1-22-71 Visit by representative of the Missouri Conservation Commission as a result of complaint by downstream landowner on Spring River (complaint centered around white algae material). 2-2-71 Dye tests of chemical power started. Results show leakage in both chemical sewer drains and creek drains under NEPACCO plant. 2-5-71 FDA inspects for second time. It reports that 90,000 lbs. of HCP will be produced monthly in 100 lb. drums under NITINE label. Some shipments have been rejected by NITINE because of impurities. FDA reports that RD is an intermediate product and that each batch is composed of about 2,500 lbs. of HCP. 2-2-71 H.T. takes measures to stop seepage and overflows from their lagoons. NEPACCO discharges to H.T. system causing problems because of hexachlorophene and toluene in effluent. No. 4 lagoon cleaned. 2-26-71 Dry choline waste disposal system is in operation in attempt to terminate source of white algae growing in Spring River. 3-17-71 Reinforced 4th lagoon ban to help stop seepage. 3-19-71 NEPACCO vacuum pumps put on closed loop circulation reducing flow by roughly 10 M gallons per day. Since that time, we have been able to lower the level in either the 2nd or 3rd lagoons. 3-21-71 NEPACCO toluene line catches fire. Allowed to burn itself out. 3-24-71 NEPACCO calls MDNR to report fire and March 21st discovery of algae in Spring River. Conservation Commission visits to determine possibility of fish kill from fire residue and Missouri Geologic Survey contacted to help determine if seepage from lagoons is causing algae growth. Representatives of MDNR-Geology notices black, tarry 3-26-71 residue discharge from a fire which NEPACCO had on 3-23-71. 3-13-71 FDA tests for 2,3,7,8-(TCDD) in TCP and finds 67 ppb.

10,000 gallons of chemical waste removed by Bliss Oil Co.

2, 10-71

4-11-71	Unconfirmed anonymous complaint of midnight dumping.
4-6-71	Although previous attempts have been made to pump out 4th lagoon, this date marks start of continuous successful pump-out into 1st and 2nd lagoons.
4-29 - 71	NEPACCO notifies FDA that 19,000 lbs. of HCP is in reactors and states that Conservation Chemical of St. Louis will salvage.
4-29-71	Several projects initiated. Order placed for sewer plant flow meter, individual area manholes, and closed loop circulation on pantoplex vacuum pump.
5-4-71	Visit by representative of Missouri WPCB. He identifies the white algae as Sphaerotilus.
5-5-71	Pantoplex vacuum pump put on closed loop circulation reducing flow to sewer by another 2100 gallons/day.
5-12-71	Missouri Department of Health (MDH) notes that NEPACCO is sloppy. Pools of HCP lying around.
	NEPACCO has spill. Sludge in nearby creek at 12" deep in spots.
5-19-71	Dye tests conducted by MDNR to trace lagoon fluids.
5-15-71	A rancher approximately two miles downstream reports a spring running raw sewage.
5-16-71	#2 lagoon practically dried up.
5-19-71	Geologic Survey dyes the 2nd lagoon and inserts charcoal traps above and below suspected seepage along Spring River.
5-?-71	4th lagoon dried up enough to push bank back by 25 feet.
5-26-71	Started flow back to 2nd lagoon to keep bottom from cracking and for further dye tests.
6-71	Four horse arenas sprayed by Bliss Oil Co.
6-1-71	FDA checks with C.C.C. in St. Louis; no salvage made.
6-11-71	Men of Geologic Survey puts more dye in 2nd lagoon and puts additional charcoal in trap in landowner's polluted spring.
6-11-79	Same landowner reports another polluted spring. He requests a tour through plant (along with an adjoining neighbor) to investigate rumors of H-T discharging waste through a big open pipe into Spring River. Landowner reports that same day that he is procuring services of a lab in Joplin to analyze for contaminants in his spring.

6 - 15 - 71NEPACCO puts one vacuum pump back on open loop due to inadequate cooling for seal water. Flow increases to lagoons by roughly 1680 gpd. 6-19-71 Manhole project 80% complete; chemical sewer flow can be checked each area. 6-22-71 MDH notes NEPACCO discharging into Syntex sewers. NEPACCO reports to FDA that process material from fire scrapped with 8-9,000 pounds in polylined metal drums. 6-23-71 Meeting of WPCB and H-T to discuss timetable for constructing chemical sewer treatment facilities. 7-71 Alleged drum disposal at Farm #1. 6, 12-71 a) Summer engineer now in process of running pilot plant studies to determine best method of recycling propionate wastes; i.e., reduction of another 1700 gpd to sewer plant. Concentration to 20% propionate and running across drum drier is working well - results are promising. b) Plans are to attempt complete dry-up of in-plant stream, i.e., diversion of spring above plant, dry choline cooling water to cooling tower, equipment jackets on cooling tower, etc. c) Further analysis of Area VII, VIII, and NEPACCO to determine how much of each input can be segregated and/or recycled. 8-16-71 H.T. to construct new lined lagoons and plans for treatment system by 9-30-71. 8-16-71 EPA contacted on pollution in Spring River. 9-1-71 H.T. effluent measured at C.O.D. at 35,000 mg./1/ 9 - 3 - 71H.T. to cut off NEPACCO effluent into their lagoons effective 9-7-71.

Letter from Syntex to Mo. WPCB stating that it will no

treatment plant. Effluent has 600#/day, NaCL, NapSO4;

NEPACCO notifies Mo. WPB that its 6,000 gallon/day waste stream is split into four waste streams: 1) vacuum loop

NEPACCO wants to discharge 3,000-4,000 gpd to Aurora sewage

longer be responsible for NEPACCO wastes.

solution; 4) general.

Farm, 1 1/2 miles downstream, river polluted.

3,000#/day, Glycol; 300 ppm Chlorinated Phenols.

water; 2) organic waste stream; 3) saturated brine

9-9-71

9-15-71

9-17-71

9-20-71

9-20-71 3 & 4 will be removed from site. Some will be transferred to Wastewater Technical School, Ft. Crowder, Neosho, Mo. (2,500 gpd in 2.5 mg tank). Mo. WPB issues permit for 120 days to spray irrigate 1.000 9-27-71 gal/day on one acre (vacuum loop water) with C.O.D.=410 mg/l., pH 8.1 chlorinated phenols 300 ppm. NEPACCO has organic wastes, brine solutions (1,000) gpd) and glycols, salts and chlorinated phenols. 9-28-71 Pollution investigation by Mo. Conservation Department at Spring River on farm 1 1/2 miles downstream from Verona. Results of sampling from private lab on 8-26-71, reveal 9 - 30 - 71hazardous chemicals in water at two springs (one at above-mentioned farm). 10-18-71 Mo. WPB approves irrigation of H.T. waste water on 3 acres at 10,000 gpd. 10-18-71 Analysis results show HCP in H.T. lagoon. 12-71 or 1 - 10 - 72NEPACCO ceases HCP production. 3-7-72 Landowner's (above) spring is much clearer. 9-14-72 NEPACCO is out of business. Spring River is polluted again one mile north of plant. Lagoon #4 (unlined) suspected to be leaking. 4-17-73 H.T. wants to dispose of 501,000 gallons of phenols and chlorohydrocarbons. 6-1-73 H.T. again discharging to property. H.T. says it is coming from old waterworks owned by Empire District Electric Company. 3-7-74 All the grass has been killed in the irrigation of H.T. 5-31-74 H.T. reports spill on 4-29-74. 10-23-77 H.T. plans to dam creek flowing across their property and remove the old lagoons. 5-22-72 Representatives of Missouri Department of Health and Missouri Geological Survey disapprove City of Aurora's request for landfill at former dump (area is now Baldwin

A USDA Soil Conservation Service Report states:

Park).

"Aurora has a serious problem of erosion and sediment from old city dump which is polluting the city water supply. The city dump and old mining area has shafts up to 300 ft. which have received trash and sediment causing pollution. Flooding carries pollutants through the heart of Aurora and the Spring River."

	nar or a land lone opring it were
9-4-72	Lagoon #4 is pumped out.
9-14-72	Missouri Clean Water Commission says there is organic contamination in groundwater and indicates one source as waste lagoons which are leaking into subsurface.
4-11-73	H.T. and Dow Chemical meet with Mo. Clean Water Commission to discuss proposed waste treatment plant.
73-74	Negotiations between NEPACCO and Syntex about dismantling HCP equipment.
5-29-73	Adjacent landowner complains that orange precipitate water is escaping from a tile pipe on his property. It is carrying infiltrated waste from buried waste or seepage into sewer lines.
7-74	Center for Disease Control identifies dioxin in soil of horse arenas at 30 ppm.
10-2-74	Letter of Center for Disease Control (CDC) warning Mo. Dept. of Natural Resources (MDNR) about possible chloracne from skin absorption of dioxin.
5-16-75	Doctor with MDNR discusses lethality of oral dose of dioxin. He states it would be 20-40 drops at levels found (150 lbs 750 mg.).
2-12-75	Syntex submits dioxin storage and spill plan for 4,600 gallons stored in tank on property.
2-14-75	CDC says tank has 303 to 356 ppm 2,3,7,8-TCDD.
8-22-76	NEPACCO charter forfeited.
8-2-78	EPA notifies Mo. DNR that it finds 2,4-D, 2,4,5-T; but not 2,3,7,8-TCDD in water samples on Syntex property.
5-9-79	Letter of Mr. Ronald E. Layton, Director of Water and Wastewater Technical School, Neosho, Missouri, to Jim Odendahl, Director, MDNR, stating that no dioxin found in

waste provided by NEPACCO.

ACTIONS/EVENTS SINCE EPA'S INVOLVEMENT

10-2-79	OSHA referral to EPA regarding employee complaints of uncontrolled chemical waste dumping in S.W. Missouri.
10-11-79	Matter referred to ARHM.
10-12-79	Action Line telephone conversation with confidential informant on sites. He reveals knowledge that dump truck hauled spilled chemicals to three locations.
10-15-79	Initial meeting of Uncontrolled Hazardous Waste Site Committee. Decision?
10-15-79	Reconnaissance team of SVAN, ARHM and MDNR in Verona area to investigate situation,
10-16-79	Recon team interviews anonymous caller and Syntex officials and inspects Syntex chemical dump trench area, lagoon in Lawrence Co. and Farm #1 in Barry County.
10-18-79	Recon team interviews another resident about another possible burial site. Progress report given.
10-22- 30/79	Recon team remains in field to obtain 22 more interviews.
10-23-79	News article appears in <u>Aurora Advertiser</u> that EPA is looking for dioxin in area.
10-25-79	Similar article appears in <u>Joplin Globe</u> .
10-26-79	Briefing with OSHA.
10-29 & 30-79	Review of FDA files.
10-20-79	EPA policy staff briefed.
11-4-79	Review of MDH files.
11-9-79	Senators Danforth and Eagleton notified. Cong. Taylor informed.
11-9-79	EPA/MDNR issues news release about three possible uncontrolled dumps which could contain hazardous substances.
11-14-79	Recon team interviews Syntex officials.
11-19-79	EPA briefs OSHA, FDA, and MDNR officials on progress of investigation.
11-21-79	Meeting of Uncontrolled Hazardous Waste Site Committee. S.W. Mo. sites to receive top priority.

12-4-79 SVAN obtains water samples from Empire Electric, the company that provides water to City of Aurora. Team again surveys Baldwin Park.

1-7-80 SVAN takes drum samples from a second farm site in Verona area.

ENFC/LEGL/RPRae:jip:3-27-80:x3171:Doc 1118A